Africa's policies of apartheid, colonial occupation of Namibia and destabilisation of neighbouring African States. It called for early convening of the Security Council to impose comprehensive and mandatory sanctions against South Africa under Chapter VII of the UN Charter. Pending their adoption, the Summit identified and endorsed some specific meaures and commended their adoption by the international community. The Summit established the AFRICA (Action for Resisting Invasion Colonialism and Apartheid) Fund. It also set up a Committee of Ministers to canvass for imposition of comprehensive mandatory sanctions against South Africa and visit some key industrialised countries i,n this connection.

A_s Chairman of the AFRICA Fund Committee India has been consulting with other members on the future operation of the Fund. Minister of State for External Affairs. Shri Eduardo Faleiro, has recently visited all the Front Line State? to ascertain their priority requirement.--, on the basis on which an Action Plan for the Fund is being formulated. The Fund Committee is expected to meet at vat ious levels before the end of December, External Affairs Minister is currently on a tour by selected Non-Aligned Foreign Ministers of some West Eruopean capitals and Tokyo in an effort to persuade Governments of industrialised countries to impose comprehensive sanctions against South Africa.

Presence of Soviet submarines *in* Nicobar Island

35. PROF. C. LAKSHMANNA : Will She Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased tostate what is Government's reaction to the allegation made by a senior Indonesia, Armed Forces Officer that soviet submarine had a base in Nicobar island?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI EDUARDO FALEIRO) : It is well-known fact that Government of India does not give base facility on its soil to the 1 armed forces of any foreign power. The Indonesian Ambassador in New Delhi was called at the Ministry of External Affairs and an aide memoire expressing Government's concern, and deep regret over the incorrect statement made by a senior official of the Government of Indonesia was handed over to bira.

Self Employment programme for Urban poor

36. SHRI NIRMAL CHATTERJEE : SHRI K. MOHANAN : SHRI R. SAMBASIVA RAO : SHRI NARESH C. PUGLIA.

Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to star,. :

(a) what are the details of the Self-Employment programme for the. Urban Poor;

(b) which agency will screen the applications;

(c) what: are the possible ways to recover the loaned amount: and

I'd) whether local alministration, legis'ative or some such agencies will haver any role to play in the whole scheme; if so, what are the details in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI JANARDHAN POOJARI) : (a) to (d) The Scheme for the Self Employment Programme for urban poor (SEPUP) has launched from September I, 1986. The scheme is applicable to all cities and towns having population of more than 10,000 as per 1981 census and not covered by the, Integrated Rural Development Programme. The scheme will be implemented by selected branches of public sector banks. Under the scheme a borrower will be eligible for a lean upto Rs. 5,009/- at an interest rate of 10 per cent per annum. The Central Government will provide capital subsidy of 25 per cent to the banks. Under the scheme financial assistance will be provided through banks to the beneficiaries for undertaking ventures like rickshaw pulling, carpentry, fruit vending, tailoring, shoe-shining welding etc. The selection of beneficiaries is to be done by banks through a Committee of bankers to be constituted in each city/ tow_n by the public sector bank having lead responsibility for the district i_n which the city/town is located. This bank will